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ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

2138 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

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May 19, 2005

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LINDA T. SANCHEZ, California
ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Dr. Myles Brand, President
National Collegiate Athletic Association
c/o Mr. Abe Frank, Congressional Liaison
One Dupont Circle
Suite 310
Washington, D.C. 20036

Dear Dr. Brand:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we request that the National Collegiate Athletic Association provide the Committee with any and all

policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Collegiate Athletic Association's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
- Collective bargaining agreements;
- Any proposed anti-doping policies regardless of whether such proposals were ever implemented;
- Education policies and protocols for informing athletes of anti-doping testing procedures, changes in protocols, sanctions, and the effects associated with the use of steroids;
- Lists of prohibited substances and methods (including performance enhancing substances, drugs of abuse, masking agents and procedures and methods used to manipulate samples);
- Lists of prohibited substances that are tested (differentiating between regular testing and reasonable cause testing) the type of tests used for each substance (*e.g.*, blood, urine, hair), and for each prohibited substance for which you do not test, a statement that explains why testing is not conducted;
- Lists of prohibited substances for which sanctions are available/applied for positive test results;
- Requirements for selecting athletes to be tested and methods, policies, and procedures used to select athletes for testing;
- Procedures used to notify players that they have been selected to submit to a test;
- Sample collection requirements and procedures;
- Procedures (including sanctions, if any) for situations where a player misses test, refuses to be tested, fails to cooperate, or is unable to produce a sufficient volume of a sample;
- Security requirements for handling samples, including the transport of samples and associated documentation;
- Policies governing the disposition of samples upon completion of testing and, if samples are stored, identify who owns the samples;
- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;

Dr. Myles Brand
Page 3
May 19, 2005

- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

- Please produce all responsive documents that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees and representatives acting on your behalf. You should also produce documents that you have a legal right to obtain, and documents that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party. No records, documents, data, or information called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee;
- Each document produced should be produced in a form that renders the document susceptible of copying;
- It should not be a basis for refusal to produce documents that any other person or entity also possesses non-identical or identical copies of the same document, including other congressional committees;
- If any of the requested information is available in machine-readable form (such as punch cards or paper or magnetic tapes), state the form in which it is available and provide sufficient detail to allow the information to be copied to a readable format. If the information requested is stored in a computer, indicate whether you have an existing program that will print the records in a readable form;
- If the request cannot be complied with in full, please comply to the extent possible, and include an explanation of why full compliance is not possible;

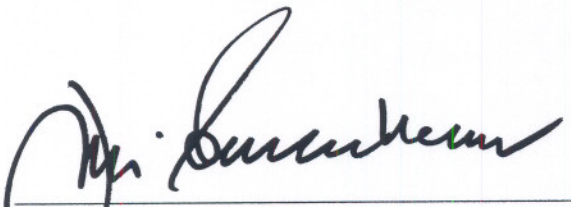
Dr. Myles Brand
Page 4
May 19, 2005

- In the event that a document is withheld on the basis of privilege, provide the following information concerning any such document: (a) the privilege asserted; (b) the type of document; (c) the general subject matter; (d) the date, author, and addressee; (e) the relationship of the author and addressee to each other;
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- None of the documents supplied should include the names of players or any other personally identifiable information.

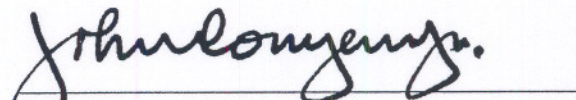
The requested information is of vital importance to our Committee, which is the principal committee of jurisdiction concerning the criminal law and steroids. While we envision our study will primarily review the misuse of steroids and other drugs to some extent on a retroactive basis, our primary focus will be obtaining the information and data necessary, on an accurate and verifiable basis, so that our Committee may make informed decisions regarding legislation and oversight on a forward-looking basis.

We request that the National Collegiate Athletic Association deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman



John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

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Mr. Terrence P. Madden
Chief Executive Officer
United States Anti-Doping Agency
2550 Tenderfoot Hill Street, Suite 200
Colorado Springs, CO 80906-7346

Dear Mr. Madden:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

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Mr. Terrence P. Madden
Page 2
May 19, 2005

policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the United States Anti-Doping Agency's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

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- Adjudication procedures;

Mr. Terrence P. Madden

Page 3

May 19, 2005

- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

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Mr. Terrence P. Madden

Page 4

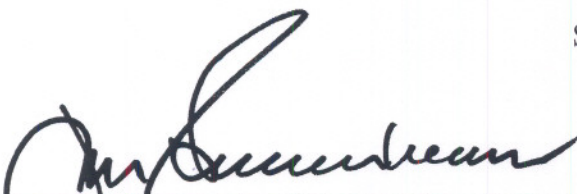
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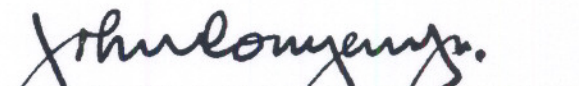
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Sincerely,



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ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Mr. Mark S. Levinstein
Acting Executive Director
U. S. National Soccer Team Players Association
725 Twelfth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005

Dear Mr. Levinstein:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

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Mr. Mark S. Levinstein
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May 19, 2005

and all policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the U. S. National Soccer Team Players Association's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

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Mr. Mark S. Levinstein

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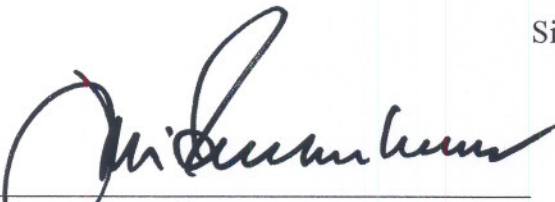
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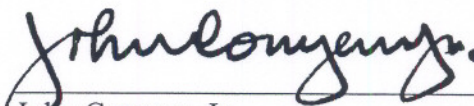
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We request that the U. S. National Soccer Team Players Association deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



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ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Dr. S. Robert Contiguallia, President
c/o Mr. Dan Flynn
U. S. Soccer Federation
1801 South Prairie Avenue
Chicago, IL 60616

Dear Dr. Contiguallia:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we

Dr. S. Robert Contiguallia

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request that the U. S. Soccer Federation provide the Committee with any and all policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the U. S. Soccer Federation's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
- Collective bargaining agreements;
- Any proposed anti-doping policies regardless of whether such proposals were ever implemented;
- Education policies and protocols for informing athletes of anti-doping testing procedures, changes in protocols, sanctions, and the effects associated with the use of steroids;
- Lists of prohibited substances and methods (including performance enhancing substances, drugs of abuse, masking agents and procedures and methods used to manipulate samples);
- Lists of prohibited substances that are tested (differentiating between regular testing and reasonable cause testing) the type of tests used for each substance (*e.g.*, blood, urine, hair), and for each prohibited substance for which you do not test, a statement that explains why testing is not conducted;
- Lists of prohibited substances for which sanctions are available/applied for positive test results;
- Requirements for selecting athletes to be tested and methods, policies, and procedures used to select athletes for testing;
- Procedures used to notify players that they have been selected to submit to a test;
- Sample collection requirements and procedures;
- Procedures (including sanctions, if any) for situations where a player misses test, refuses to be tested, fails to cooperate, or is unable to produce a sufficient volume of a sample;
- Security requirements for handling samples, including the transport of samples and associated documentation;
- Policies governing the disposition of samples upon completion of testing and, if samples are stored, identify who owns the samples;
- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;

Dr. S. Robert Contiguallia

Page 3

May 19, 2005

- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

- Please produce all responsive documents that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees and representatives acting on your behalf. You should also produce documents that you have a legal right to obtain, and documents that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party. No records, documents, data, or information called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee;
- Each document produced should be produced in a form that renders the document susceptible of copying;
- It should not be a basis for refusal to produce documents that any other person or entity also possesses non-identical or identical copies of the same document, including other congressional committees;
- If any of the requested information is available in machine-readable form (such as punch cards or paper or magnetic tapes), state the form in which it is available and provide sufficient detail to allow the information to be copied to a readable format. If the information requested is stored in a computer, indicate whether you have an existing program that will print the records in a readable form;
- If the request cannot be complied with in full, please comply to the extent possible, and include an explanation of why full compliance is not possible;

Dr. S. Robert Contiguallia

Page 4

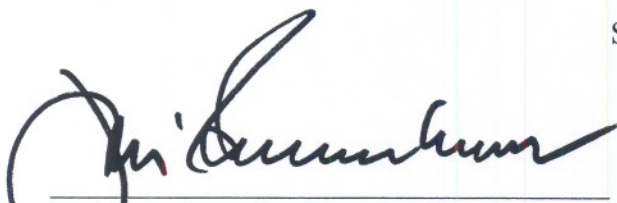
May 19, 2005

- In the event that a document is withheld on the basis of privilege, provide the following information concerning any such document: (a) the privilege asserted; (b) the type of document; (c) the general subject matter; (d) the date, author, and addressee; (e) the relationship of the author and addressee to each other;
- If any document responsive to this request was, but no longer is, in your possession, custody, or control, identify the document (stating its date, author, subject, and recipients) and explain the circumstances by which the document ceased to be in your possession, or control;
- This request is continuing in nature. Any record, document, compilation of data, or information not produced because it has not been located or discovered by the return date, should be produced immediately upon location or discovery subsequent thereto;
- None of the documents supplied should include the names of players or any other personally identifiable information.

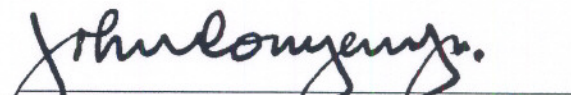
The requested information is of vital importance to our Committee, which is the principal committee of jurisdiction concerning the criminal law and steroids. While we envision our study will primarily review the misuse of steroids and other drugs to some extent on a retroactive basis, our primary focus will be obtaining the information and data necessary, on an accurate and verifiable basis, so that our Committee may make informed decisions regarding legislation and oversight on a forward-looking basis.

We request that the U. S. Soccer Federation deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman



John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

F. JAMES SENSENBRENNER, JR., Wisconsin
CHAIRMAN

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ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

2138 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6216

(202) 225-3951

<http://www.house.gov/judiciary>

May 19, 2005

JOHN CONYERS, JR., Michigan
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LINDA T. SANCHEZ, California
ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Mr. Bob Goodenow
Executive Director
National Hockey League Players Association
c/o Mr. Ted Saskin
Director of Business Affairs
777 Bay Street, Suite 2400
Toronto, Ontario M5G2C8

Dear Mr. Goodenow:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we request that National Hockey League Players Association provide the Committee with any and

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ANTHONY D. WEINER, New York
ADAM B. SCHIFF, California
LINDA T. SANCHEZ, California
ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Mr. Gary Bettman
Commissioner
National Hockey League
c/o Mr. Bill Daly
Chief Legal Officer
1251 Avenue of the Americas, 47th
Washington, DC 10020

Dear Mr. Bettman:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

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Mr. Gary Bettman
Page 2
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request that National Hockey League provide the Committee with any and all policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Hockey League's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
- Collective bargaining agreements;
- Any proposed anti-doping policies regardless of whether such proposals were ever implemented;
- Education policies and protocols for informing athletes of anti-doping testing procedures, changes in protocols, sanctions, and the effects associated with the use of steroids;
- Lists of prohibited substances and methods (including performance enhancing substances, drugs of abuse, masking agents and procedures and methods used to manipulate samples);
- Lists of prohibited substances that are tested (differentiating between regular testing and reasonable cause testing) the type of tests used for each substance (e.g., blood, urine, hair), and for each prohibited substance for which you do not test, a statement that explains why testing is not conducted;
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- Requirements for selecting athletes to be tested and methods, policies, and procedures used to select athletes for testing;
- Procedures used to notify players that they have been selected to submit to a test;
- Sample collection requirements and procedures;
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- Security requirements for handling samples, including the transport of samples and associated documentation;
- Policies governing the disposition of samples upon completion of testing and, if samples are stored, identify who owns the samples;
- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;

Mr. Gary Bettman

Page 3

May 19, 2005

- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

- Please produce all responsive documents that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees and representatives acting on your behalf. You should also produce documents that you have a legal right to obtain, and documents that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party. No records, documents, data, or information called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee;
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Mr. Gary Bettman

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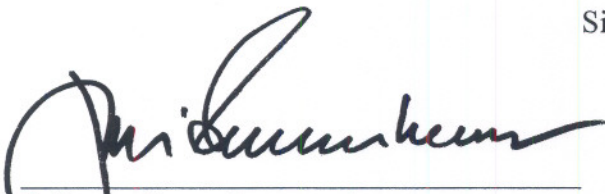
May 19, 2005

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- If any document responsive to this request was, but no longer is, in your possession, custody, or control, identify the document (stating its date, author, subject, and recipients) and explain the circumstances by which the document ceased to be in your possession, or control;
- This request is continuing in nature. Any record, document, compilation of data, or information not produced because it has not been located or discovered by the return date, should be produced immediately upon location or discovery subsequent thereto;
- None of the documents supplied should include the names of players or any other personally identifiable information.

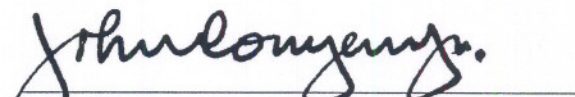
The requested information is of vital importance to our Committee, which is the principal committee of jurisdiction concerning the criminal law and steroids. While we envision our study will primarily review the misuse of steroids and other drugs to some extent on a retroactive basis, our primary focus will be obtaining the information and data necessary, on an accurate and verifiable basis, so that our Committee may make informed decisions regarding legislation and oversight on a forward-looking basis.

We request that the National Hockey League deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman



John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

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May 19, 2005

Mr. Donald Fehr
c/o Mr. Kevin McGuiness
Major League Baseball Players Association
4400 N. Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 585
Washington, DC 20001

Dear Mr. Fehr:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we request that Major League Baseball Players Association provide the Committee with any and all

Mr. Donald Fehr
Page 2
May 19, 2005

policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the Major League Baseball Players Association anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

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May 19, 2005

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In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

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In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

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Mr. Donald Fehr

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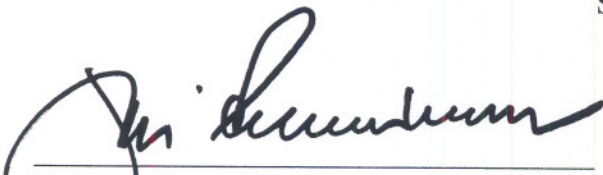
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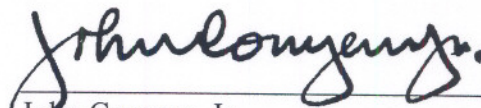
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We request that the Major League Baseball Players Association deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
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WILLIAM D. DELAHUNT, Massachusetts
ROBERT WEXLER, Florida
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ADAM B. SCHIFF, California
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ADAM SMITH, Washington
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ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

2138 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6216

(202) 225-3951

<http://www.house.gov/judiciary>

May 19, 2005

Mr. Allan H. Selig
Commissioner
Major League Baseball
c/o Ms. Lucy Calautti
1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., 11th Floor
Washington, DC 20036

Dear Mr. Selig:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we

Mr. Allan H. Selig

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request that Major League Baseball (MLB) provide the Committee with any and all policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the MLB anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
- Collective bargaining agreements;
- Any proposed anti-doping policies regardless of whether such proposals were ever implemented;
- Education policies and protocols for informing athletes of anti-doping testing procedures, changes in protocols, sanctions, and the effects associated with the use of steroids;
- Lists of prohibited substances and methods (including performance enhancing substances, drugs of abuse, masking agents and procedures and methods used to manipulate samples);
- Lists of prohibited substances that are tested (differentiating between regular testing and reasonable cause testing) the type of tests used for each substance (*e.g.*, blood, urine, hair), and for each prohibited substance for which you do not test, a statement that explains why testing is not conducted;
- Lists of prohibited substances for which sanctions are available/applied for positive test results;
- Requirements for selecting athletes to be tested and methods, policies, and procedures used to select athletes for testing;
- Procedures used to notify players that they have been selected to submit to a test;
- Sample collection requirements and procedures;
- Procedures (including sanctions, if any) for situations where a player misses test, refuses to be tested, fails to cooperate, or is unable to produce a sufficient volume of a sample;
- Security requirements for handling samples, including the transport of samples and associated documentation;
- Policies governing the disposition of samples upon completion of testing and, if samples are stored, identify who owns the samples;
- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;

Mr. Allan H. Selig

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May 19, 2005

- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

- Please produce all responsive documents that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees and representatives acting on your behalf. You should also produce documents that you have a legal right to obtain, and documents that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party. No records, documents, data, or information called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee;
- Each document produced should be produced in a form that renders the document susceptible of copying;
- It should not be a basis for refusal to produce documents that any other person or entity also possesses non-identical or identical copies of the same document, including other congressional committees;
- If any of the requested information is available in machine-readable form (such as punch cards or paper or magnetic tapes), state the form in which it is available and provide sufficient detail to allow the information to be copied to a readable format. If the information requested is stored in a computer, indicate whether you have an existing program that will print the records in a readable form;
- If the request cannot be complied with in full, please comply to the extent possible, and include an explanation of why full compliance is not possible;

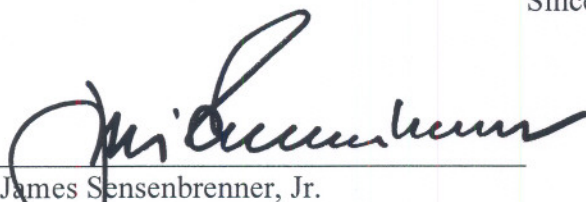
Mr. Allan H. Selig
Page 4
May 19, 2005

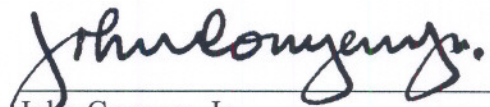
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- If any document responsive to this request was, but no longer is, in your possession, custody, or control, identify the document (stating its date, author, subject, and recipients) and explain the circumstances by which the document ceased to be in your possession, or control;
- This request is continuing in nature. Any record, document, compilation of data, or information not produced because it has not been located or discovered by the return date, should be produced immediately upon location or discovery subsequent thereto;
- None of the documents supplied should include the names of players or any other personally identifiable information.

The requested information is of vital importance to our Committee, which is the principal committee of jurisdiction concerning the criminal law and steroids. While we envision our study will primarily review the misuse of steroids and other drugs to some extent on a retroactive basis, our primary focus will be obtaining the information and data necessary, on an accurate and verifiable basis, so that our Committee may make informed decisions regarding legislation and oversight on a forward-looking basis.

We request that MLB deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman

John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

F. JAMES SENSENBRENNER, JR., Wisconsin
CHAIRMAN

HENRY J. HYDE, Illinois
HOWARD COBLE, North Carolina
LAMAR S. SMITH, Texas
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May 19, 2005

Mr. Gene Upshaw
c/o Mr. Ben Zelenko
National Football League Players Association
1201 F Street, N.W., Suite 500
Washington, DC 20004

Dear Mr. Upshaw:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we request that National Football League Players Association provide the Committee with any and

Mr. Gene Upshaw

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all policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Football League Players Association's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
- Collective bargaining agreements;
- Any proposed anti-doping policies regardless of whether such proposals were ever implemented;
- Education policies and protocols for informing athletes of anti-doping testing procedures, changes in protocols, sanctions, and the effects associated with the use of steroids;
- Lists of prohibited substances and methods (including performance enhancing substances, drugs of abuse, masking agents and procedures and methods used to manipulate samples);
- Lists of prohibited substances that are tested (differentiating between regular testing and reasonable cause testing) the type of tests used for each substance (e.g., blood, urine, hair), and for each prohibited substance for which you do not test, a statement that explains why testing is not conducted;
- Lists of prohibited substances for which sanctions are available/applied for positive test results;
- Requirements for selecting athletes to be tested and methods, policies, and procedures used to select athletes for testing;
- Procedures used to notify players that they have been selected to submit to a test;
- Sample collection requirements and procedures;
- Procedures (including sanctions, if any) for situations where a player misses test, refuses to be tested, fails to cooperate, or is unable to produce a sufficient volume of a sample;
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- Policies governing the disposition of samples upon completion of testing and, if samples are stored, identify who owns the samples;
- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;
- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your

Mr. Gene Upshaw

Page 3

May 19, 2005

- organization's anti-doping program; and
Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

- Please produce all responsive documents that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees and representatives acting on your behalf. You should also produce documents that you have a legal right to obtain, and documents that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party. No records, documents, data, or information called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee;
- Each document produced should be produced in a form that renders the document susceptible of copying;
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- If the request cannot be complied with in full, please comply to the extent possible, and include an explanation of why full compliance is not possible;
- In the event that a document is withheld on the basis of privilege, provide the following information concerning any such document: (a) the privilege asserted; (b) the type of

Mr. Gene Upshaw
Page 4
May 19, 2005

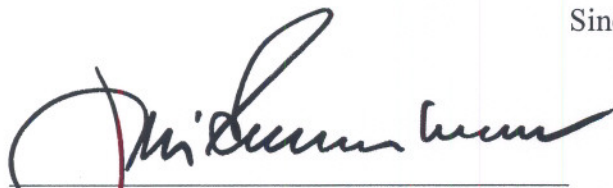
document; (c) the general subject matter; (d) the date, author, and addressee; (e) the relationship of the author and addressee to each other;

- If any document responsive to this request was, but no longer is, in your possession, custody, or control, identify the document (stating its date, author, subject, and recipients) and explain the circumstances by which the document ceased to be in your possession, or control;
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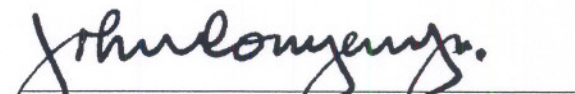
The requested information is of vital importance to our Committee, which is the principal committee of jurisdiction concerning the criminal law and steroids. While we envision our study will primarily review the misuse of steroids and other drugs to some extent on a retroactive basis, our primary focus will be obtaining the information and data necessary, on an accurate and verifiable basis, so that our Committee may make informed decisions regarding legislation and oversight on a forward-looking basis.

We request that the National Football League Players Association deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman



John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

F. JAMES SENSENBRENNER, JR., Wisconsin
CHAIRMAN

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ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Mr. Paul Tagliabue
Commissioner
National Football League
c/o Mr. Marty Gold
Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20004

Dear Mr. Tagliabue:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee of principal jurisdiction, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, our Committee is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we

Mr. Paul Tagliabue

Page 2

May 19, 2005

request that the National Football League provide the Committee with any and all policies, protocols, guidance, instructions, standards, methods, e-mail messages, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Football League's anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

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- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;

Mr. Paul Tagliabue

Page 3

May 19, 2005

- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of you organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

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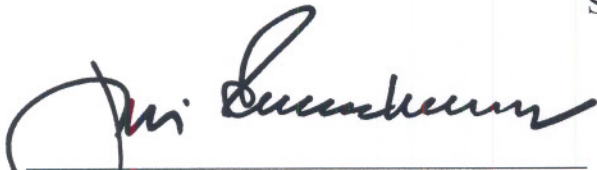
Mr. Paul Tagliabue
Page 4
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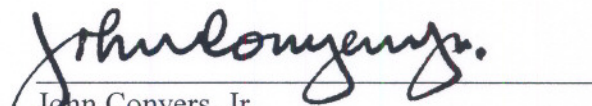
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ADAM B. SCHIFF, California
LINDA T. SANCHEZ, California
ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Ms. Donna Orender
President
National Women Basketball Association
Olympic Tower
645 Fifth Avenue
New York, NY 10022

Dear Ms. Orender:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

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Mr. Donna Orender

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policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Women Basketball Association anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
- Collective bargaining agreements;
- Any proposed anti-doping policies regardless of whether such proposals were ever implemented;
- Education policies and protocols for informing athletes of anti-doping testing procedures, changes in protocols, sanctions, and the effects associated with the use of steroids;
- Lists of prohibited substances and methods (including performance enhancing substances, drugs of abuse, masking agents and procedures and methods used to manipulate samples);
- Lists of prohibited substances that are tested (differentiating between regular testing and reasonable cause testing) the type of tests used for each substance (e.g., blood, urine, hair), and for each prohibited substance for which you do not test, a statement that explains why testing is not conducted;
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- Security requirements for handling samples, including the transport of samples and associated documentation;
- Policies governing the disposition of samples upon completion of testing and, if samples are stored, identify who owns the samples;
- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;
- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and

Mr. Donna Orender
Page 3
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- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

- Please produce all responsive documents that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees and representatives acting on your behalf. You should also produce documents that you have a legal right to obtain, and documents that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party. No records, documents, data, or information called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee;
- Each document produced should be produced in a form that renders the document susceptible of copying;
- It should not be a basis for refusal to produce documents that any other person or entity also possesses non-identical or identical copies of the same document, including other congressional committees;
- If any of the requested information is available in machine-readable form (such as punch cards or paper or magnetic tapes), state the form in which it is available and provide sufficient detail to allow the information to be copied to a readable format. If the information requested is stored in a computer, indicate whether you have an existing program that will print the records in a readable form;
- If the request cannot be complied with in full, please comply to the extent possible, and include an explanation of why full compliance is not possible;
- In the event that a document is withheld on the basis of privilege, provide the following information concerning any such document: (a) the privilege asserted; (b) the type of document; (c) the general subject matter; (d) the date, author, and addressee; (e) the

Mr. Donna Orender

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May 19, 2005

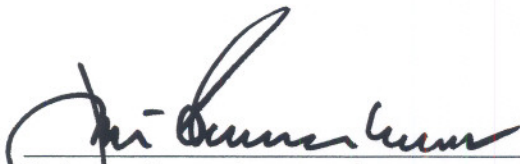
relationship of the author and addressee to each other;

- If any document responsive to this request was, but no longer is, in your possession, custody, or control, identify the document (stating its date, author, subject, and recipients) and explain the circumstances by which the document ceased to be in your possession, or control;
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- None of the documents supplied should include the names of players or any other personally identifiable information.

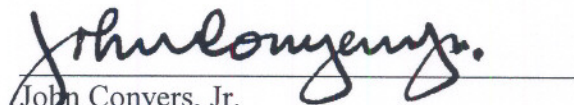
The requested information is of vital importance to our Committee, which is the principal committee of jurisdiction concerning the criminal law and steroids. While we envision our study will primarily review the misuse of steroids and other drugs to some extent on a retroactive basis, our primary focus will be obtaining the information and data necessary, on an accurate and verifiable basis, so that our Committee may make informed decisions regarding legislation and oversight on a forward-looking basis.

We request that the National Women Basketball Association deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman



John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

F. JAMES SENSENBRENNER, JR., Wisconsin
CHAIRMAN

HENRY J. HYDE, Illinois
HOWARD COBLE, North Carolina
LAMAR S. SMITH, Texas
ELTON GALLEGLY, California
BOB GOODLATTE, Virginia
STEVE CHABOT, Ohio
DANIEL E. LUNGREN, California
WILLIAM L. JENKINS, Tennessee
CHRIS CANNON, Utah
SPENCER BACHUS, Alabama
BOB INGLIS, South Carolina
JOHN N. HOSTETTLER, Indiana
MARK GREEN, Wisconsin
RIC KELLER, Florida
DARRELL ISSA, California
JEFF FLAKE, Arizona
MIKE PENCE, Indiana
J. RANDY FORBES, Virginia
STEVE KING, Iowa
TOM FEENEY, Florida
TRENT FRANKS, Arizona
LOUIE GOHMERT, Texas

ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

2138 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6216

(202) 225-3951

<http://www.house.gov/judiciary>

May 19, 2005

JOHN CONYERS, JR., Michigan
RANKING MINORITY MEMBER

HOWARD L. BERMAN, California
RICK BOUCHER, Virginia
JERROLD NADLER, New York
ROBERT C. SCOTT, Virginia
MELVIN L. WATT, North Carolina
ZOE LOFGREN, California
SHEILA JACKSON LEE, Texas
MAXINE WATERS, California
MARTIN T. MEEHAN, Massachusetts
WILLIAM D. DELAHUNT, Massachusetts
ROBERT WEXLER, Florida
ANTHONY D. WEINER, New York
ADAM B. SCHIFF, California
LINDA T. SANCHEZ, California
ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Mr. G. William Hunter
National Basketball Players Association
2 Penn Plaza, Suite 2430
New York, NY 10121

Dear Mr. Hunter:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

Recent congressional hearings have focused on the impact of steroid use and sports and the potentially severe public health risks that steroids pose to many American children who strive to emulate their athletic heroes. It has become apparent that this risk is worsened by the ease with which individuals can illegally acquire performance enhancing substances, and the increasingly sophisticated methods used to avoid testing positive for these substances.

In order to address the use of steroids and other prohibited substances, and to ensure that testing and enforcement programs established by professional and amateur sports leagues and associations are effective, the Committee on the Judiciary is conducting a legislative inquiry into this matter, pursuant to its oversight responsibilities under Rules X and XI of the Rules of the United States House of Representatives and Article I of the United States Constitution. As part of this investigation, we are requesting basic information on the policies, testing protocols, and enforcement mechanisms from a number of sports leagues and associations. Accordingly, we request that National Basketball Players Association provide the Committee with any and all

policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Basketball Players Association anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

As an initial matter, please provide your current anti-doping policies, and note any changes made to those policies from the year 1990 to the present. The types and subjects of anti-doping documents and information that we request include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-doping policies (including any team specific policies that may differ from the industry standard);
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- Adjudication procedures;
- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and

Mr. G. William Hunter

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May 19, 2005

- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

In responding to this request, we ask that you adhere to the following guidelines:

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Mr. G. William Hunter

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May 19, 2005

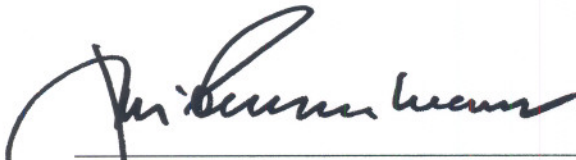
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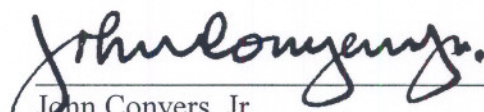
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We request that the National Basketball Players Association deliver this information to the House Judiciary Committee, Rayburn House Office Building, Room 2138 by June 20, 2005. Please contact House Judiciary Committee staff members Katy Crooks at (202) 225-3951 or Greg Barnes at (202) 225-6906 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,



F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.
Chairman



John Conyers, Jr.
Ranking Minority Member

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ANTHONY D. WEINER, New York
ADAM B. SCHIFF, California
LINDA T. SANCHEZ, California
ADAM SMITH, Washington
CHRIS VAN HOLLEN, Maryland

Mr. David Stern
Commissioner
National Basketball Association
c/o Mr. Doug Sosnik
645 5th Avenue
New York, NY 10022

Dear Mr. Stern:

As you are undoubtedly aware, the prevalence and impact of performance enhancing substances in professional and amateur sports has become a matter of national public interest and concern. In his 2004 State of the Union address, President Bush stated: "Athletes play such an important role in our society but, unfortunately, some professional sports are not setting much of an example. The use of performance enhancing drugs like steroids in baseball is dangerous, and it sends the wrong message." As the Committee with primary responsibility over this issue, the House Judiciary Committee spearheaded the effort to pass the Anabolic Control Act of 2004, updating the list of controlled substances used for enhancing performance.

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Mr. David Stern

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May 19, 2005

request that National Basketball Association provide the Committee with any and all policies, protocols, standards, and memoranda explaining or describing the National Basketball Association anti-doping efforts involving prohibited substances (including but not limited to performance enhancing drugs, supplements, and other substances) and methods that are used by your organization to implement your anti-doping policies (including your organization's experience with efforts to manipulate the testing process).

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- Notification procedures for test results, including how and when the athlete and sports officials are notified of the results of his/her test(s);
- Adjudication procedures;

Mr. David Stern

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- Confidentiality and public disclosure provisions involving all aspects of your organization's anti-doping program; and
- Sanctions policies.

In addition, please provide information on how these policies have been implemented during the above time period. The types and subjects of documents and information that we request include:

- Test results, showing: the number of players tested; types of substances discovered; sanctions imposed (including diversions to treatment programs); the number of players who were uncooperative or failed to complete a test; the number of missed tests; the number of attempts to manipulate test results and the type of manipulation (chemical, physical, or pharmacological); and the number of appeals of sanctions.

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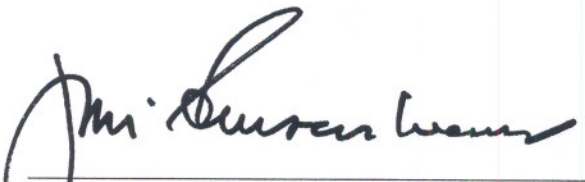
May 19, 2005

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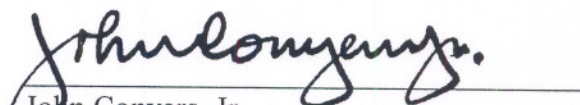
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